

Corrections/Parole and Probation

HB 2292: DOC Contracts for Out of State Confinement

HB 2292 provides that the Department of Corrections (DOC) may enter into a contract with a public entity for correctional services in a facility located in another state when they determine that the facility is suitable for the confinement and care of persons committed to the legal and physical custody of the department. The provisions of HB 2292 sunset on January 2, 2014.

VITAL STATISTICS

Effective Date: June 26, 2009
2009 ORS Site: Chapter 611

HB 2321: DOC Supervision Relief for Graffiti Offenders

HB 2321 removes the requirement for the Department of Corrections to supervise a person convicted of criminal mischief involving graffiti when the person refuses to donate their labor. This measure releases DOC from the requirement to supervise individuals who are charged with misdemeanors such as criminal mischief involving graffiti when they refuse to participate in community service.

VITAL STATISTICS

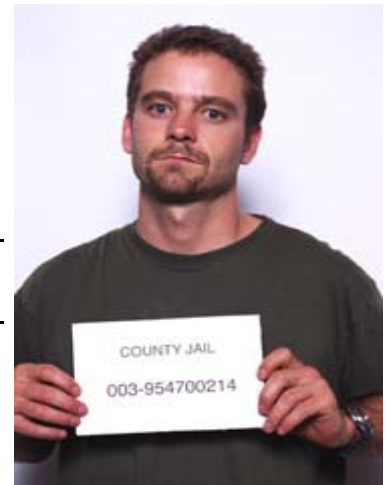
Effective Date: January 1st, 2010
2009 ORS Site: Chapter 15

HB 2623: Earned Time for Educational Achievement

HB 2623 authorizes the Department of Corrections to reduce a term of incarceration by up to 60 days for inmates who successfully complete a high school diploma, GED, post-secondary degree or registered apprenticeship program. Under current law, offenders can receive "earned time" credit for up to 20 percent of their total sentence for participating in adult skills programs as defined by ORS 421.084. HB 2623 allows education and apprenticeship programs to count towards the 20 percent reduction available. The judge must include eligibility for earned time in a persons' sentence in order for them to qualify to receive these credits.

VITAL STATISTICS

Effective Date: January 1st, 2010
2009 ORS Site: Chapter 623



HB 2789: Firearm Possession for Retired Parole and Probation

HB 2789 clarifies the definition of parole and probation officers for the purpose of carrying firearms by providing that retired parole and probation officers are exempt from being prosecuted for unlawful possession of a firearm and by clarifying that parole and probation officers may carry a firearm prior to having one year of experience on the job.

VITAL STATISTICS

Effective Date: June 17, 2009
2009 ORS Site: Chapter 316

HB 3199: DOC Requirement to Train DOC Officers

HB 3199 requires the Department of Corrections to provide training for basic certification of corrections officers employed by the Department of Corrections. Further, the measure requires DOC to develop proposed training standards for basic certification of state corrections officers that must be reviewed by the Corrections Policy Committee and adopted by the Board on Public Safety Standards and Training through rule. The training standards must meet the minimum training standards for the basic training of other corrections officers in Oregon (city and county). HB 3199 requires DPSST to conduct periodic audits of the training provided by the Department of Corrections in order to ensure compliance with the adopted training standards and, if it complies with the standards, to accredit the DOC training. No later than March 1, 2011, DPSST is required to report to the Legislative Assembly regarding the efficacy of the DOC basic training program. The provisions of HB 3199 sunset on January 2, 2014.

VITAL STATISTICS

Effective Date: January 1st, 2010
2009 ORS Site: Chapter



SB 74: Supervision Transfer Fee for Arrest and Return

SB 74 provides that a person on probation, parole or post-prison supervision who applies to transfer their supervision under the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision described in ORS 144.600 must pay an application fee in an amount determined by rule of the Department of Corrections for the purpose of paying costs incurred in retaking offenders who transfer supervision under the compact. The fee shall be collected by the supervisory authority as defined in ORS 144.087 and forwarded to the Governor's office for deposit in the Arrest and Return Account described in ORS 133.865.

VITAL STATISTICS

Effective Date: January 1st, 2010
2009 ORS Site: Chapter 742

"The removal of state corrections training from DPSST was one of the most contentious issues of the 2009 Legislative Session"

SB 275: Medical Assistance Application Prior to Release

SB 275 allows individuals with a serious mental illness to apply for medical assistance between 90 and 120 days prior to their release from a public institution and to receive assistance upon release if found to be eligible. The People with Disabilities Division of the Department of Human Services and the Department of Corrections determined that allowing any inmate with a severe mental illness to apply for Medicaid pre-release improves the chances of obtaining the medical cards they need to access mental health treatment and to continue their medication regime after release.

VITAL STATISTICS

Effective Date: June 18, 2009
2009 ORS Site: Chapter 414