

DPSST LEGISLATION

HB 2315: DPSST Investigation Info Exempt from Disclosure

HB 2315 exempts from disclosure, unless the public interest requires otherwise, the records of the Department of Public Safety Standards and Training relating to an ongoing investigation of the fitness of a public safety officer or private security officer to hold his or her position. The measure also exempts from disclosure records in the possession of the department that the department received from a public body in connection with an investigation if these records are not subject to disclosure when in the hands of the public body. Finally, the measure requires the department to issue a report when an investigation is completed regarding a private security officer or a public safety officer.

VITAL STATISTICS

Effective Date: May 26, 2009
2009 ORS Site: Chapter 135



HB 2790: DPSST Board and Revocation Process Changes

HB 2790 includes the following provisions:

- Adds a non-management Parole & Probation officer to the Board
- Eliminates the Forestry position on the Board, designates a Forestry position on the Fire Policy Committee
- Adds two non-management representatives each to the Corrections & Police Policy Committees
- When a policy committee hears a discretionary matter and recommends revocation, the officer will be served a Notice of Intent to Revoke after the policy committee recommendation, rather than waiting for the Board decision two months later.
- When an officer requests a hearing in a discretionary misconduct case and DPSST proposes to amend an Administrative Law Judge's Proposed Order, the original policy committee that heard the case must approve the changes before DPSST can issue a Final Order.

VITAL STATISTICS

Effective Date: January 1st, 2010
2009 ORS Site: Chapter 629

"HB 2790 is the product of a meaningful negotiation between management and labor regarding revocation and DPSST board membership."

SB 92: DPSST Authorization to Conduct Research

Authorizes DPSST, in consultation with the board, to conduct and stimulate research to improve the police, fire service, corrections, adult parole and probation, emergency medical dispatch and telecommunicator professions.

VITAL STATISTICS

Effective Date: January 1st, 2010
2009 ORS Site: Chapter 165

**POSTING
LICENSED
REVOKED**

SB 971: Training Cost Reimbursement for “Poaching”

Requires the reimbursement of training costs between governmental agencies (that employ state or local police officers or state or local corrections officers) when a public safety officer trained by one agency leaves within three years to work for another agency. SB 971 stipulates that:

- reimbursement for purposes of the measure includes the cost of salary and benefits paid to an employee during training, the cost of salary and benefits paid to another employee to cover the workload of an employee in training and the cost of the initial training courses required for employment.
- agencies may not take into consideration the possibility of having to reimburse training costs of a candidate as a part of the hiring process.
- Authorizes the agency originally employing the officer to waive the reimbursement by the subsequent hiring agency.
- requires a governmental agency that requires employees to be trained to adopt a policy providing for a pro rata reimbursement based on following schedule outlined in the bill:

VITAL STATISTICS

Effective Date: January 1st, 2010
2009 ORS Site: Chapter



State police officer, police officer or deputy sheriff:

- 100% if leave within 12 months
- 66% if leave within 13-23 months
- 33% if leave within 24-35 months

State or local corrections officer; parole and probation officer:

- 100% if leave within 10 months
- 66% if leave within 11-19 months
- 33% if leave within 19-29 months

